

SUMMARIES

Yurij D. Rykov. *Descendants of prince Vladimir Andreevich Staritsky and the fate of his daughter Maria (in monasticism – Marfa), Queen of Livonia.*

Summary: The article attempts to organize and generalize information about the descendants of appanage prince Vladimir Andreevich Staritsky, who was executed together with his wife and several children by order of Ivan the Terrible in 1569. Special attention is given to one of prince Staritsky's daughters – Maria Vladimirovna, who married King Magnus of Livonia and later took vows under the name of Marfa. In the appendix two charts of czar are published. They were given in 1588 and 1613 to Marfa, Queen and elderly nun, as an owner of village Lezhnevo in Suzdal uyezd.

Keywords: XVI–XVII centuries, Staritsky princes, Livonian Queen Maria, sources.

Petitions for admission to zhil'cy with appended documents (1641–1647) (publication by Egor N. Gorbatov).

Summary: The publication includes an extensive set of documents related to admission or restoration to duty of representatives of service class in the rank of zhil'cy in the 1640s. These documents are mostly petitions for admission to zhil'cy, but in addition to them there are short notes indicating enrollment in zhil'cy, as well as extracts from documents of Razriadnyi Prikaz (Order-in-charge). In total, the documents contain information about more than 650 persons who were accepted as zhil'cy.

Keywords: zhil'cy (tenants), monarchic court, nobles, petitions, Razriadnyi Prikaz (Order-in-charge).

Genealogical registers submitted to the Chamber of genealogical affairs in the late 17th century: the provincial serving nobility (Pereslavl'-Zalesskij, Rzheva Volodimerova, Rzheva Pustaya, Romanov, Rostov Velikij, Ruza, Serpejsk, Serpuhov, Smolensk, Suzdal', Tarusa, Toropez, Tula, Uglich, Yaroslavl') (publication by Leonid E. Shabaev).

This publication is accomplished as part of publication of the entire complex of genealogical registers presented to the Chamber of genealogical affairs after the abolition of mestnichestvo in the late 17th century. The publication contains 76 registers of 69 princely and noble families, associated origin and service with several cities.

Keywords: genealogical registers, princely and noble families, the Chamber of genealogical affairs, the late 17th century.

Landowners of Voronezh province in the late XVIII century according to the materials of the Fifth revision. Part 1 (Voronezhsky, Zadonsky, Bobrovsky, Nizhnedevitsky, Zemlyansky, Biryuchensky, Livensky uyezds) (compiled by Aleksandr N. Akinshin).

Summary: The publication based on documents of the Fifth revision (1795) includes information about all landowners of Voronezh province who owned serfs. The publication is accompanied by comments containing biographical information about most of these no-

bles, as well as members of their families. The first part of the publication includes information about the landowners of seven uyezds (counties).

Keywords: Voronezh province, nobility, landowners, serfs, revision.

Information about representatives of Tula industrial dynasties from church records of the late XVIII – early XIX centuries (registers of deaths from Nikola-Zaretsky church in Tula for 1780–1802) (compiled by Igor N. Yurkin).

Summary: The publication contains information about the deceased representatives of the families involved with metallurgical production. The information is taken from the register of Nikola-Zaretsky church in Tula for 1780–1802. All references to the members of the largest industrial dynasties from Tula – Batashev, Mosolov, etc – are also given in the publication. The submitted data is important for establishing family ties of residents of armourers' settlement (sloboda) in Tula.

Keywords: registers, Tula armourers, factory owners, family ties, Demidov, Batashev, Mosolov.

Sergej Yu. Shokarev. Genealogical subjects in the works of academician V.L. Yanin.

Summary: Genealogy is an integral part of works of an outstanding historian and archaeologist, Member of the Russian Academy of Sciences Valentin Lavrentievich Yanin (1929–2020). He explored different subjects of genealogy and land ownership of the Novgorod boyars, the personnel of republican administration in Veliky Novgorod in the XII–XV centuries, the history and genealogy of individual families of the Novgorod elite, as well different persons and names associated with Novgorod. V.L. Yanin made a great contribution to development of historical and genealogical research methods, using companion analysis in source studies, developed from Novgorod materials and successfully used in his research of the Novgorod state and society. V.L. Yanin is also a publisher of a large body of sources – Novgorod birch-bark letters and Old Russian act seals. His *Corpus Mediiævi Russiae Sigillorum* is particularly important for the study of genealogy and anthroponymy of Rurikids. V.L. Yanin's works significantly advanced the study of the Novgorod boyar Republic and of Old Russia. They showed history of Veliky Novgorod and Novgorodians in all aspects of their social and family life in a new light.

Keywords: V. L. Yanin, genealogy, companion analysis in source studies, anthroponymy, sphragistics, Veliky Novgorod, boyars.